

City of Newton, Massachusetts

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Barney S. Heath Director

PUBLIC HEARING MEMORANDUM

DATE: November 22, 2019

TO: Councilor Susan Albright, Chair, Zoning & Planning Committee

Members of the Zoning & Planning Committee

FROM: Barney Heath, Director, Department of Planning and Development

Jennifer Caira, Chief of Current Planning Zachery LeMel, Chief of Long Range Planning

RE: #363-19 Amendment(s) to Chapter 30 relative to building efficiencies

<u>DIRECTOR OF PLANNING & CO-DIRECTORS OF SUSTAINABILITY</u> requesting discussion and adoption of amendments to Chapter 30, the Newton Zoning Ordinance to create exemptions to building envelope standards such as height and setback to facilitate the implementation of energy efficiency and alternative energy measures in buildings including external insulation, doorway vestibules, heat pumps, and solar panels among other features.

#364-19 Amendment(s) to Chapter 30 relative to sustainable design

<u>DIRECTOR OF PLANNING & CO-DIRECTORS OF SUSTAINABILITY</u> requesting discussion and adoption of amendments to Chapter 30, the Newton Zoning Ordinance to create a new set of standards related to sustainable development design with requirements for new buildings and development projects to include environmental and energy efficiency

features.

MEETING: November 25, 2019

CC: Planning Board

Ann Berwick, Co-Director of Sustainability William Ferguson, Co-Director of Sustainability John Lojek, Commissioner of Inspectional Services

Alissa O. Giuliani, City Solicitor

Jonathan Yeo, Chief Operating Officer

In the previous ZAP meeting on November 14th, 2019 The Planning Department presented two potential amendments to the Zoning Ordinance intended to improve the environmental performance of buildings in Newton, responding to action items identified in Newton's Climate Action Plan. The public hearing was opened and closed for the first amendment (#363-19) with the need to further clarify the zoning language in section 1.5.4.d prior to approval. In addition, the public hearing was opened for the second amendment (#364-19) though no discussion was held. Since then, Staff met with Green Newton, members of the development community, and City Councilors and updated the language in both amendments, which is outlined below. Staff recommends the approval of both amendments.

#363-19 Amendment(s) to Chapter 30 relative to building efficiencies

Rules of Measurement (sec. 1.5) - Attachment A

The previous draft text allowed solar panels to extend up to four feet above the ridgeline on a pitched roof to be excluded from height measurements. The updated text allows for a one foot extension above the ridgeline on a pitched roof. For increased flexibility to maximize access to solar radiation on flat and pitched roofs Staff added language that allows solar panels to extend higher by special permit (sec. 1.5.4.d).

#364-19 Amendment(s) to Chapter 30 relative to sustainable design

<u>Sustainable Development Requirements (sec. 5.12.4) – Attachment B</u>

- Buildings above 20,000 SF must be designed to meet the standards of one of three green building rating programs (sec. 5.12.4.A). Staff recommends not requiring certification for projects following the LEED Green Building Rating Program or the Enterprise Green Communities Green Building Rating Program due to cost implications. Staff recommends requiring certification for the projects following the Passive House Green Building Program because the requirements are absolute and the certification costs are negligible.
- Buildings choosing the LEED green building rating system sized 20,000-50,000 SF must achieve a minimum Silver level standard and buildings above 50,000 SF must meet a minimum Gold level standard (sec. 5.12.4.A.1). Staff recommends keeping the existing language because designing to the Gold standard is cost prohibitive for these smaller development projects. As written, this section brings Newton either beyond or in line with neighboring cities and towns in requiring sustainable design. Additionally, all projects subject to this provision must submit an energy narrative describing efforts made to achieve net zero energy use. The City Council must all make a finding that the project will contribute to the efficient use and conservation of natural resources and energy.
- In line with the Intent and Purpose (sec. 5.12.1) staff has added two holds that require further consideration and analysis. These are embodied carbon (sec. 5.12.4.D) and electrification of heating/cooling and residential cooking, domestic water heating, and laundry (sec. 5.12.4.E)
- Section 5.12.6 D. Green Commissioning was removed and the language in the Certificate of Occupancy Submittal Requirements (sec. 5.12.6 C.) was refined so as not to be inconsistent with commissioning requirements that are already in place for the Green Building Rating Programs. The Green Building Rating Programs each have their own commissioning requirements and the requirements listed in Section 5.12.6 D. represented LEED requirements that may not be consistent across rating programs or even across the various LEED programs. The language in 5.12.6 C. now requires proof of commissioning as required by the Green Building Rating Program and allows for a temporary certificate of occupancy prior to commissioning.

Next Steps

Staff is recommending the Committee approve amendment #363-19 on November 25th.

• Staff is recommending the Committee close the public hearing and approve amendment #364-19 on November 25th.

Attachments

- Attachment A Section 1.5 Rules of Measurements
- Attachment B Section 5.12 Sustainable Development Design

1.5. Rules of Measurement

1.5.3. Setback

A. Defined. A line equidistant from the lot line which establishes the nearest point to the lot line at which the nearest point of a structure may be erected. In the case of a corner lot, the rear lot line shall be the lot line opposite the street on which the main entrance is located.

- B. No building need be set back more than the average of the setbacks of the buildings on the nearest lot on either side, a vacant lot or a lot occupied by a building set back more than the required distance for its district to be counted as though occupied by a building set back such required distance. Averaging applies only to the front setback. In no case shall any part of a building in a residence district extend nearer the street line than 10 feet.
- C. Distances shall be measured from the lot lines to the nearest portion of the structure.
- D. The following structures may project into the setback:
 - 1. Steps, landings and bulkheads;
 - 2. Heat pump compressors;
 - 3. Exterior insulation may project up to 8 inches;
 - 4. Doorway vestibules may project up to 4 feet with a width no greater than 6 feet;
 - 5. Gutters, cornices, exterior window shading and ornamental features up to 2 feet;
 - 6. Roof overhangs may project up to 3 feet.

1.5.4. Height

A. Defined:

- 1. The vertical distance between the elevations of the average grade plane and the highest point of the roof. Not included in such measurements are:
 - a. Cornices which do not extend more than 5 feet above the roof line:
 - b. Chimneys, vents, ventilators and enclosures for machinery of elevators which do not exceed 15 feet in height above the roof line;
 - Enclosures for tanks which do not exceed 20 feet in height above the roof line and do not exceed in aggregate area 10 percent of the area of the roof;
 - d. Solar panels which do not extend more than <u>1 foot4 feet</u> above the ridgeline or, in the case of a flat roof, no more than 4 feet above the parapet, <u>unless waived by Special Permitunless greater extensions are</u> <u>allowed by special permit</u>; and
 - e. Towers, spires, domes and ornamental features.

1.5.5. Floor Area

A. Floor Area Ratio.

1. The gross floor area of all buildings on the lot divided by the total lot area.

2. FAR tables can be found in Sec. 3.1.9 and Sec. 3.2.11.

B. Floor Area, Gross.

- Residential Districts. The sum of the floor area of all principal and accessory buildings whether or not habitable shall be taken from the exterior face of the exterior walls of each building without deduction for garage space, hallways, stairs, closets, thickness of walls, columns, atria, open wells and other vertical open spaces, or other features as defined in this Sec. 1.5.5, as defined below:
 - a. Gross floor area shall include:
 - i. First and second stories:
 - ii. Any floor area above the second story, whether finished or unfinished, that meets all of the following criteria:
 - a. It lies below the area of a horizontal plane that is 5 feet above it and which touches the side walls and/or the underside of the roof rafters;
 - b. Is at least 7 feet in any horizontal dimension, as measured within the area having a wall height of 5 feet or more;
 - c. Has a minimum ceiling height of 7 feet on at least 50 percent of its required floor area; and
 - d. Has a floor area of not less than 70 square feet as measured within the area having a wall height of 5 feet or more;
 - iii. Atria, open wells, and other vertical open spaces, where floor area shall be calculated by multiplying the floor level area of such space by a factor equal to the average height in feet divided by 10:
 - iv. Enclosed porches;
 - v. Attached garages;
 - vi. Detached garages and any space above the first story of a detached garage that has a ceiling height of 7 feet or greater;
 - vii. Other detached accessory buildings, such as sheds or cabanas, except as exempted in paragraph b. below;
 - viii. A portion of mass below the first story, to be calculated using the formula in paragraph D. below; and
 - b. Gross floor area shall not include:
 - Unenclosed porches;
 - ii. Doorway vestibules up to a maximum floor area of 24 square feet;
 - iii. Exterior insulation;
 - iv. Carports; and
 - detached accessory building equal to or less than 120 square feet in size.

8.3. Defined Terms

Exterior Insulation. Insulation that is installed exterior to the exterior structural wall of the building so as to improve the energy efficiency of the building.

Exterior Window Shading. Non-habitable architectural features attached to a building above windows to reduce the amount of sunlight entering the window.

Heat Pump Compressor. A device that serves as a heating and cooling system for a building by transferring heat energy into a building to heat it and out of the building to cool it. The compressor is the external portion of this system.

5.12. Sustainable Development Design

5.12.1. Intent and Purpose

The intent of this section is to reduce the use of energy, water, and other natural resources in Newton's building stock and minimize adverse environmental impacts from buildings and development in both construction and long-term operation by:

- A. Increasing the use of renewable energy sources for electricity, transportation, heat/cooling, and hot water
- B. Increasing the use of efficient electricity technology for transportation and buildings
- C. Increasing the number of buildings built to Passive House, net zero, or similar standards.
- Minimizing the environmental impacts of construction materials and methods, including waste reduction.

5.12.2. Definitions

- A. Green Commissioning. The process of verifying and documenting that a building and all of its systems and assemblies are installed, tested, operated, and maintained to meet specified levels of environmentally sustainable performance in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.12 of this Zoning Ordinance.
- B. Green Commissioning Agent. An entity or person with documented experience on at least 2 building projects with a scope of work similar to the proposed project extending from early design phase through at least 10 months of occupancy.
- C. Green Building Professional. A professional who holds a credential from a Green Building Rating Program indicating advanced knowledge and experience in environmentally sustainable development in general as well as specific Green Building Rating Systems or otherwise possesses comparable experience in environmentally sustainable development. In instances where a Green Building Rating Program that does not offer such a credential is being applied to meet the provisions of Section 5.12, the designated Green Building Professional must have demonstrated experience as a project architect or engineer, or as a consultant providing third-party review, on at least 3 projects that have been certified using the applicable Green Building Rating Program.
- D. Green Building Project. Any development project that meets the provisions of Section 5.12.3.
- E. Green Building Rating Program. A collection of activities and services directed by an organization to promote environmentally sustainable development and to recognize projects that achieve defined environmentally sustainable development objectives, including the establishment and oversight of one or more Green Building Rating Systems.
- F. Green Building Rating System. A specific set of design standards for environmentally sustainable performance established under the auspices of a Green Building Rating Program against which a project or building design may be evaluated.

5.12.3. Application of the Sustainable Development Requirements

A. These sustainable development requirements apply to any proposed development in any zoning district that includes the construction or substantial reconstruction of one or more buildings totaling 20,000 sf or more of gross floor area that also requires issuance of a special permit under any provision of this Zoning Ordinance.

B. No Segmentation. The inclusionary zoning provisions of this Section apply to projects at one site or two or more adjoining sites in common ownership or under common control within a period of five years from the first date of application for any special permit for construction on the lot or lots, or for the 12 months immediately preceding the date of application for any special permit. An applicant for development may not segment or divide or subdivide or establish surrogate or subsidiary entities to avoid the requirements of Section 5.12. Where the City Council determines that this provision has been violated, a special permit will be denied. However, nothing in Section 5.12 prohibits the phased development of a property.

5.12.4. Sustainable Development Requirements

- A. A green building project must be designed to meet the standards of one of the authorized green building rating systems identified in Section 5.12.5 according to the requirements listed below. Certification by the green building rating program is not required.
 - LEED Green Building Rating Program. A green building project being designed according to the LEED Green Building Rating Program must be designed to achieve a minimum 'Silver' level standard. Projects of greater than 50,000 sf of gross floor area must be designed to meet a minimum 'Gold' level standard. Certification by the LEED Green Building Rating Program is not required.
 - Passive House Green Building Rating Program. A green building project being designed according to the Passive House Green Building Rating program must be designed to achieve certification. Certification by the Passive House Green Building Rating Program is required. to achieve the minimum criteria for certification
 - Enterprise Green Communities Green Building Rating System. A green building
 project being designed according to the Enterprise Green Communities Green
 Building Rating program must be designed to achieve the minimum criteria for
 certification. Certification by the Enterprise Green Communities Green Building
 Rating Program is not required.
- B. Electric Vehicle Charging Stations. A green building project must provide that a minimum of 10% of parking spaces have access to electric vehicle charging stations up to a maximum of 40 spaces. An additional 10% of parking spaces must be electric vehicle charging station ready, meaning that electrical systems and conduit are prepared to expand the number of charging stations as demand increases. This Section 5.12.4.B only applies to new or rebuilt parking facilities; those projects using existing parking lots are exempt.
- C. Solar Panels. [reserved]
- D. Embodied Carbon [reserved]
- C.E. Electrification of heating/cooling and residential cooking, domestic water heating, and laundry [reserved]

5.12.5. Authorized Green Building Rating Programs

A. Any of the following green building rating programs may be used to meet the requirements of this Section 5.12.

- The Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design ("LEED") Green Building Rating Program developed and overseen by the United States Green Building Council;
- 2. The Passive House Green Building Rating Program developed and overseen by either Passive House Institute US, Inc. or the Passive House Institute; or
- 3. The Enterprise Green Communities Green Building Rating Program developed and overseen by Enterprise Community Partners, Inc.

B. Applicability of Rating Systems.

- 1. If a green building rating program offers different green building rating systems, a green building project must use the system that is most directly applicable to the project or building type, as determined by the Planning Director.
- 2. The green building rating system must address the design and construction of buildings, not building operations or neighborhood development.
- 3. A green building project must use the most current version of the applicable green building rating system at the time of the special permit application.
- 4. The green building rating system, including the applicable version, must be specified at the time of special permit application.

5.12.6. Sustainable Development Review Procedures

- A. Special Permit Submittal Requirements. The following must be submitted with the special permit application:
 - Rating System Checklist. A document enumerating the criteria set forth in the
 applicable green building rating system and indicating which technical and design
 requirements will be met in the green building project design and the resulting rating
 level of the green building project.
 - Rating System Narrative. A written description of the technical and design elements of the green building project that will be utilized to achieve compliance with the applicable green building rating system.
 - 3. Energy Narrative. A written description of the energy efficiency, renewable energy, and other technical and design elements of the green building project that serve to minimize energy use, make use of renewable energy sources, and otherwise demonstrate how close the project is to achieving net zero energy use status. This narrative should include descriptions of building envelope performance, anticipated energy loads, site planning, mechanical systems and on-site and off-site renewable energy systems. The narrative must also describe how the building could be made to achieve net zero status in the future.
 - 4. Credentials. A document demonstrating the credentials of the green building project's designated green building professional, which must include a credential from the green building rating program indicating advanced knowledge in the specific green building rating system being applied to the green building project.
 - 5. Affidavit. An affidavit signed by the green building professional stating that he/she has reviewed all relevant documents and that to the best of their knowledge, the documents provided indicate that the green building project is being designed to achieve the requirements of this Section 5.12.

B. Building Permit Submittal Requirements. When applying for a building permit for a Green Building Project, the documentation listed in Section 5.12.6.A above, updated from any previous version to reflect the current Green Building Project design, and the additional documentation listed below must be submitted to the Department of Planning and Development.

- 1. Credentials of the Green Building Project's Green Commissioning Agent.
- 2. For a Green Building Project using the Passive House Green Building Rating Program, the following set of documents is required:
 - a. Credentials of the Passive House rater/verifier who will perform testing and verification and letter of intent stating he/she has been hired to complete the on-site verification process;
 - b. Credentials of the Certified Passive House Consultant who has provided design, planning, or consulting services;
- C. Certificate of Occupancy Submittal Requirements. When applying for a final-temporary certificate of occupancy for a Green Building Project, the documentation listed in Sections 5.12.6.A and 5.12.6.B above, updated from any previous version to reflect the current Green Building Project design, and the additional documentation listed below must be submitted to the Department of Planning and Development. The additional documentation listed below must be submitted prior to issuance of a final certificate of occupancy.
 - An affidavit signed by the Green Commissioning Agent, certifying that the preconstruction commissioning process requirements of Section 5.12.6.Dthe applicable
 Green Building Rating Program have been met and that the post-construction
 commissioning process requirements of this Section were included in the scope of
 work and will be met, including a schedule of when each commissioning requirement
 was or will be met.
 - 2. For Green Building Projects using the Passive House Green Building Rating Program, the final testing and verification report completed by the Passive House rater/verifier.
 - 3. Credentials of the Green Building Project's accredited Green Building Professional and an affidavit signed by that professional stating that he/she has reviewed all relevant documents and that to the best of his/her knowledge, the documents provided indicate that the Green Building Project was built to achieve the requirements of Section 5.12.
- D. Green Commissioning. The Owner of property on which a Green Building Project is proposed must complete a Green Commissioning process with a Green Commissioning Agent. The Green Commissioning process must include the following activities for mechanical, electrical, plumbing, and renewable energy systems:
 - 1.—Review contractor submittals;
 - 2. Verify inclusion of systems manual requirements in construction documents;
 - Verify inclusion of operator and occupant training requirements in construction documents;
 - 4.—Verify systems manual updates and delivery;
 - 5.—Verify operator and occupant training delivery program and effectiveness;
 - 6.—Verify seasonal testing;
 - 7. Review building operations 10 months after substantial completion; and

8. Develop an ongoing commissioning plan that outlines the organization, schedule, allocation of resources, and documentation requirements of the commissioning process prior to the start of commissioning activities.

5.12.7. Exceptions

A special permit may be granted to allow for exceptions to this Section 5.12 if an applicant can demonstrate that the same or better environmental outcomes can be achieved through a different approach or project design. An exception may also be granted where literal compliance is impracticable due to the nature of the use or that such exceptions would be in the public interest.